and with the conical lower surface 22d of the dispense tip positioned centrally within the conical lower surface 20c of the air shroud and forming a radially inwardly extending conical extension of the conical surface 18c; insert 16 is positioned in the lower nozzle tip end 24b of tube member 24 with flange 16b seating on annular shoulder 24d; the upper mouth end 24a of mix tube 14 is positioned over the lower conical portion 10e of material valve discharge outlet 10b; mixer shroud 18 is positioned telescopically over mix tube 14 with the upper mouth end 18a of the mixer shroud positioned over the upper portion 10f of the discharge outlet 10b of the material valve and with the lower end or conical nozzle tip portion 24b of tube member 24 positioned in the main body portion 22a of the dispense tip and the lower end 16c of the insert 16 positioned proximate the mouth or discharge opening 22e of the dispense tip; and air shroud 20 is positioned telescopically over the lower end 18f of the main body portion 18d of the mixer shroud with conical surface 20c positioned proximate conical surface 18c and with air inlets 20d positioned proximate the upper ends of the grooves or flutes 18e. An annular elastomeric seal 29 is provided between the upper end 20e of the air shroud and the conforming annular surface of mixer shroud 18.

a1

Add the following paragraph after paragraph [0034] on page 8:

[0034.1] A tubular nozzle member or hollow tubular housing 24 has one end for receiving viscous material for passage through the nozzle member. The hollow tubular housing 24 has a first end and a second end for carrying viscous material therebetween, and a nozzle-retaining surface adjacent one end of the tubular housing. A nozzle insert 16 can be engagable with the nozzle-retaining surface within the tubular housing. The nozzle insert can have a non-linear axially extending inner surface defining a passage therethrough with an aperture of reduced dimension adjacent an outlet end for discharging a viscous material from the tubular housing through the nozzle insert. The nozzle insert 16 can have a first aperture at one end and a second aperture at another end. The first aperture can be larger than the second aperture and can be disposed opposite from

a2